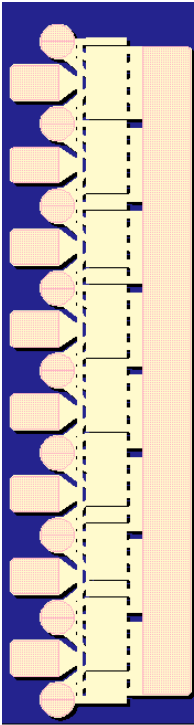


## 50 Watt Discrete Power GaN on SiC HEMT



### Key Features

- Frequency Range: DC - 18 GHz
- 47 dBm Nominal Psat
- 55% Maximum PAE
- 8.7 dB Nominal Power Gain
- Bias: Vd = 28 - 35 V, Idq = 1 A, Vg = -3.6 V Typical
- Technology: 0.25 um Power GaN on SiC
- Chip Dimensions: 0.82 x 2.48 x 0.10 mm

### Primary Applications

- Defense & Aerospace
- Broadband Wireless

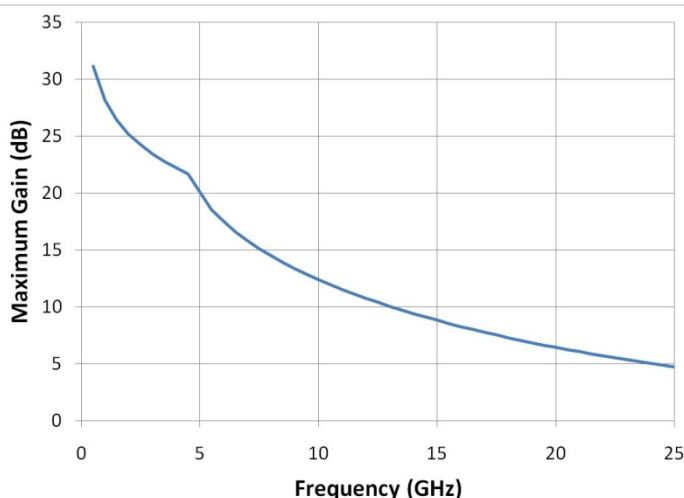
### Product Description

The TriQuint TGF2023-10 is a discrete 10 mm GaN on SiC HEMT which operates from DC-18 GHz. The TGF2023-10 is designed using TriQuint's proven 0.25um GaN production process. This process features advanced field plate techniques to optimize microwave power and efficiency at high drain bias operating conditions.

The TGF2023-10 typically provides 47 dBm of saturated output power with power gain of 8.2 dB. The maximum power added efficiency is 55% which makes the TGF2023-10 appropriate for high efficiency applications.

Lead-free and RoHS compliant

Bias conditions: Vd = 30 V, Idq = 1 A, Vg = -3.6 V Typical



*Datasheet subject to change without notice.*

**Table I**  
**Absolute Maximum Ratings 1/**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Parameter</b>            | <b>Value</b> | <b>Notes</b> |
|---------------|-----------------------------|--------------|--------------|
| Vd            | Drain Voltage               | 40 V         | <u>2/</u>    |
| Vg            | Gate Voltage Range          | -10 to 0 V   |              |
| Id            | Drain Current               | 10 A         | <u>2/</u>    |
| Ig            | Gate Current                | 56 mA        |              |
| Pin           | Input Continuous Wave Power | 40 dBm       | <u>2/</u>    |
| Tch           | Channel Temperature         | 200 °C       |              |

1/ These ratings represent the maximum operable values for this device. Stresses beyond those listed under “Absolute Maximum Ratings” may cause permanent damage to the device and / or affect device lifetime. These are stress ratings only, and functional operation of the device at these conditions is not implied.

2/ Combinations of supply voltage, supply current, input power, and output power shall not exceed the maximum power dissipation listed in Table IV.

**Table II**  
**Recommended Operating Conditions**

| <b>Symbol</b> | <b>Parameter</b>             | <b>Value</b> |
|---------------|------------------------------|--------------|
| Vd            | Drain Voltage                | 28 - 35 V    |
| Idq           | Drain Current                | 1 A          |
| Id_Drive      | Drain Current under RF Drive | 3 A          |
| Vg            | Gate Voltage                 | -3.6 V       |

**Table III**  
**RF Characterization Table 1/**

Bias: Vd = 30 V, Idq = 1000 mA, Vg = -3.6V Typical, Frequency = 10 GHz

| SYMBOL                   | PARAMETER                   | Vd = 30 V         | UNITS |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------|-------|
| <b>Power Tuned:</b>      |                             |                   |       |
| Psat                     | Saturated Output Power      | 47                | dBm   |
| PAE                      | Power Added Efficiency      | 50                | %     |
| Gain                     | Power Gain                  | 8.2               | dB    |
| $\Gamma_L$ 2/            | Load Reflection Coefficient | 0.92 $\angle$ 174 | -     |
| <b>Efficiency Tuned:</b> |                             |                   |       |
| Psat                     | Saturated Output Power      | 46                | dBm   |
| PAE                      | Power Added Efficiency      | 55                | %     |
| Gain                     | Power Gain                  | 8.7               | dB    |
| $\Gamma_L$ 2/            | Load Reflection Coefficient | 0.94 $\angle$ 172 | -     |

| SYMBOL                   | PARAMETER                   | Vd = 30 V | UNITS        |
|--------------------------|-----------------------------|-----------|--------------|
| <b>Power Tuned:</b>      |                             |           |              |
| Rp 3/                    | Parallel Output Resistance  | 54.5      | $\Omega$ ·mm |
| Cp 3/                    | Parallel Output Capacitance | 0.376     | pF/mm        |
| <b>Efficiency Tuned:</b> |                             |           |              |
| Rp 3/                    | Parallel Output Resistance  | 86.0      | $\Omega$ ·mm |
| Cp 3/                    | Parallel Output Capacitance | 0.384     | pF/mm        |

- 1/ Values in this table are scaled from measurements on a 1.25 mm GaN/SiC unit cell at 10 GHz
- 2/ Optimum Gamma\_Load ( $\Gamma_L$ ) for maximum power or maximum PAE at 10 GHz, assuming all gates and drains are connected together
- 3/ Large signal equivalent output network (normalized) (see figure, pg 7)

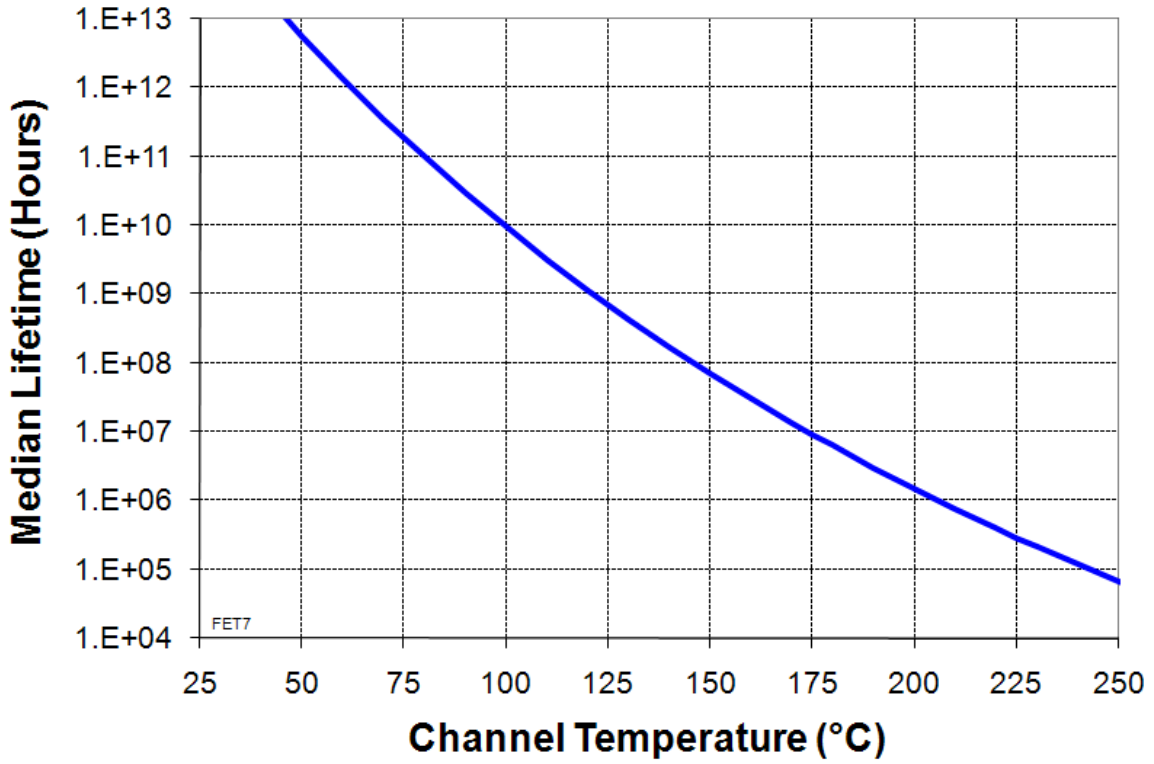
**Table IV**  
**Power Dissipation and Thermal Properties 1/**

| <b>Parameter</b>                                    | <b>Test Conditions</b>   | <b>Value</b>   | <b>Notes</b> |
|---|--|--|--------------|
| Maximum Power Dissipation                           | Tbaseplate = 70 °C   | Pd = 64 W<br>Tchannel = 200 °C<br>Tm = 1.5E+6 Hrs                  | <u>2/</u>    |
| Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{jc}$                   | Vd = 30 V<br>Id = 1 A<br>Pd = 30 W<br>Tbaseplate = 70 °C                       | $\theta_{jc}$ = 2.0 (°C/W)<br>Tchannel = 130 °C<br>Tm = 4.4E+8 Hrs |              |
| Thermal Resistance, $\theta_{jc}$<br>Under RF Drive | Vd = 30 V<br>Id = 2.97 A<br>Pout = 47 dBm<br>Pd = 44.5 W<br>Tbaseplate = 70 °C | $\theta_{jc}$ = 2.0 (°C/W)<br>Tchannel = 160 °C<br>Tm = 3.2E+7 Hrs |              |
| Mounting Temperature                                | 30 Seconds   | 320 °C   |              |
| Storage Temperature                                 |  | -65 to 150 °C  |              |

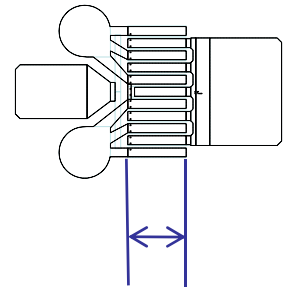
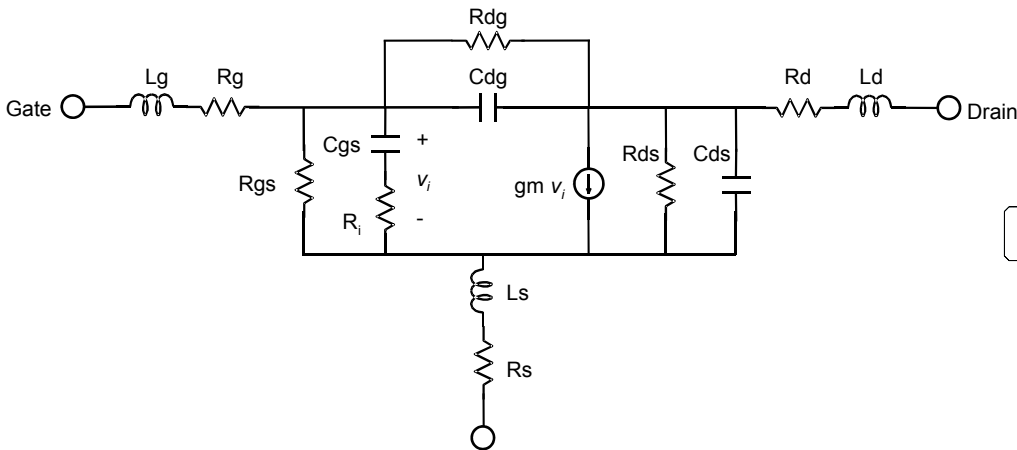
1/ Assumes eutectic attach using 1mil thick 80/20 AuSn mounted to a 10mil CuMo Carrier Plate

2/ Channel operating temperature will directly affect the device median lifetime. For maximum life, it is recommended that channel temperatures be maintained at the lowest possible levels.

**Median Lifetime vs Channel Temperature**



**Linear Model for 1.25 mm Unit GaN Cell (UGC)**

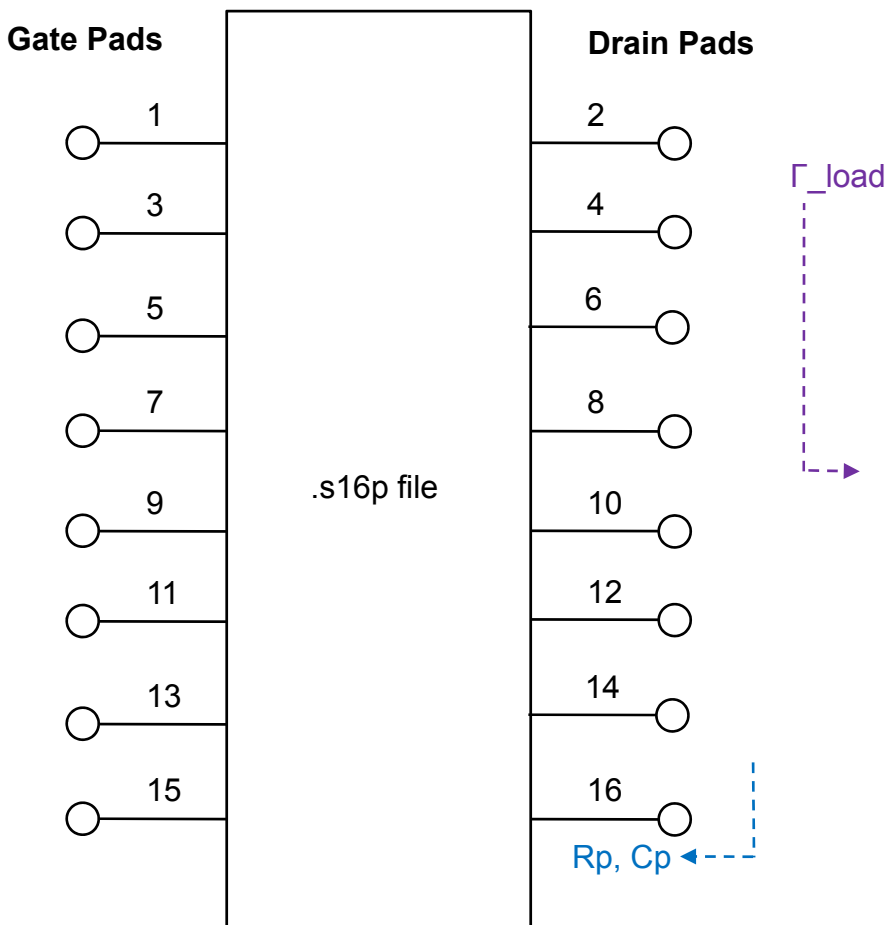


Unit GaN cell  
Reference Plane

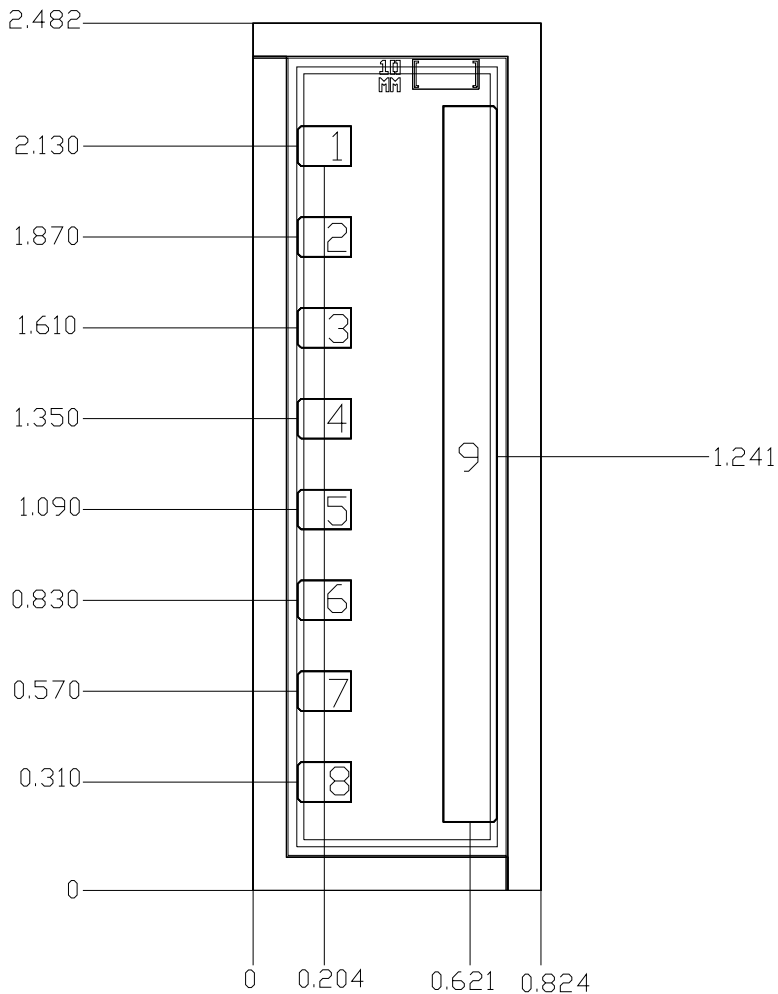
| MODEL PARAMETER | Vd = 30V<br>Idq = 125mA | UNITS |
|-----------------|-------------------------|-------|
| Rg              | 0.42                    | Ω     |
| Rs              | 0.13                    | Ω     |
| Rd              | 0.70                    | Ω     |
| gm              | 0.302                   | S     |
| Cgs             | 1.994                   | pF    |
| Ri              | 2.62                    | Ω     |
| Cds             | 0.275                   | pF    |
| Rds             | 98.08                   | Ω     |
| Cgd             | 0.068                   | pF    |
| Tau             | 0.19                    | pS    |
| Ls              | -0.002                  | nH    |
| Lg              | -0.026                  | nH    |
| Ld              | -0.017                  | nH    |
| Rgs             | 37800                   | Ω     |
| Rgd             | 303000                  | Ω     |

## Complete 10mm GaN HEMT Linear Model

Includes 8 UGC, 9 vias, and bonding pads



**Mechanical Drawing**



Units: millimeters

Thickness: 0.100

Die x,y size tolerance: +/- 0.050

Chip edge to bond pad dimensions are shown to center of pad

Ground is backside of die

|                 |    |               |
|-----------------|----|---------------|
| Bond Pad #1 - 8 | Vg | 0.154 x 0.115 |
| Bond Pad #9     | Vd | 0.154 x 2.050 |

**GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.**



## Assembly Notes

Component placement and adhesive attachment assembly notes:

- Vacuum pencils and/or vacuum collets are the preferred method of pick up.
- Air bridges must be avoided during placement.
- The force impact is critical during auto placement.
- Organic attachment (i.e. epoxy) can be used in low-power applications.
- Curing should be done in a convection oven; proper exhaust is a safety concern.

Reflow process assembly notes:

- Use AuSn (80/20) solder and limit exposure to temperatures above 300°C to 3-4 minutes, maximum.
- An alloy station or conveyor furnace with reducing atmosphere should be used.
- Do not use any kind of flux.
- Coefficient of thermal expansion matching is critical for long-term reliability.
- Devices must be stored in a dry nitrogen atmosphere.

Interconnect process assembly notes:

- Ball bonding is the preferred interconnect technique, except where noted on the assembly diagram.
- Force, time, and ultrasonics are critical bonding parameters.
- Aluminum wire should not be used.
- Devices with small pad sizes should be bonded with 0.0007-inch wire.

## Ordering Information

| Part       | ECCN        | Package Style  |
|------------|-------------|----------------|
| TGF2023-10 | 3A001.b.3.b | GaN on SiC Die |

***GaAs MMIC devices are susceptible to damage from Electrostatic Discharge. Proper precautions should be observed during handling, assembly and test.***

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